Problem 1

Illustrate the effect of round-off error in adding up numbers of differing magnitudes. Do not use a calculator or a computer, instead do everything here by hand. Assume that all arithmetical operations are rounded to 3 digits at each step. The result we want to compute is:

10.0 + 0.333 + 0.333 + 0.333

- 1. What is the result if you add from left to right?
- 2. What is the result if you add from right to left?
- 3. Compare relative error for the results obtained from parts 1 and 2.

Solution

1. Adding from left to right and rounding to 3 digits at each step, we have:

$$10.0 + 0.333 = 10.3$$

 $10.3 + 0.333 = 10.6$
 $10.6 + 0.333 = 10.9$

2. Adding from right to left and rounding to 3 digits at each step, we have:

$$0.333 + 0.333 = 0.666$$

 $0.666 + 0.333 = 0.999$
 $0.999 + 10.0 = 11.0$

3. The exact answer is 10.999, and so the relative error for method (1) is -9×10^{-3} , and for method (2) is -9×10^{-5} . Therefore the relative error for method (2) is about 100 times less than method (1). Roundoff error is minimized if numbers with small magnitudes are added up first.