## ASSIGNMENT 10

## Due April 27, 2004 (before start of class)

## Problem 10

Given a sufficiently smooth function $f: \mathcal{R} \rightarrow \mathcal{R}$, use Taylor series to derive a fourth-order accurate formula for $f^{\prime}(x)$ in terms of the values of $f(x), f(x \pm h)$, and $f(x \pm 2 h)$, with a chosen step size $h$.

Use the formula that you have just derived for $f^{\prime}(x)$ to compute the first derivative of $\sin (x)$ at $x=1$ using a step size of $h=0.5$. Repeat the calculation using a step size of $h=0.25$. Use Richardson extrapolation to produce a better estimate of the result. Comment on the errors that you get.

Submit a hardcopy of your work, a copy of your Matlab program, and the results. But do not submit an electronic copy of your program.

